GS-341

VI Semester B.Sc. Examination, May/June - 2019

BOTANY - VII

Cytology, Genetics, Evolution and Plant Breeding (CBCS) (F+R) (2016-17 & Onwards)

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 70

Instructions: 1. Answer all Parts.

2. Draw diagrams wherever necessary.

PART - A moltulova to viocal tunis

- I. Explain/Define any ten of the following in two to three sentences: 10x2=20
 - 1. What is Telomere? Mention its significance.
 - 2. Differentiate between Euchromatin and Heterochromatin.
 - 3. Mention the significance of Centromere.
 - 4. What is Genome?
 - 5. Define Dyad and Tetrad.
 - 6. What is SAT chromosome?
 - 7. What is Test Cross?
 - 8. What is Monohybrid cross?
 - 9. Give the phenotypic ratio of dominant Epistasis.
 - 10. What is intergeneric hybridization? Give an example.
 - 11. What is chromosomal aberration? Give an example.
 - 12. Define Mutation.

P.T.O.



PART - B

4x5 = 20

- Write critical notes on any four of the following: II.
 - 13. Role of Lysosomes in Apoptosis.
 - 14. Significance of Mitosis.
 - 15. Incomplete dominance.
 - 16. Supplementary factors.
 - 17. Chemical theory of Evolution.
 - 18. Allopolyploidy.

PART - C THOUSE HOW MAN AND MAN OF THE PART - C Give a comprehensive account of any three of the following: III.

3x10=30

- 19. Prophase-I of Meiosis.
- 20. Pollen bank and its role.
- 21. Any two methods of vegetative propagation.
- 22. Complementary factors.
- 23. In Garden Pea, Round (R) is dominant over wrinkled (r) and tall plant (T) is dominant over dwarf (t).

If a plant with homozygous tall habit and round seeds is crossed with a plant homozygous for dwarf habit and wrinkled seeds. What will be the phenotype of F₁ and F₂? Bring out the F₂ phenotypic ratio.